2021 Virtual ADA Conference for State and Local Governments

State ADA Coordinator's Office Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission

Presenters







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ADA Coverage

Private sector (title III)

- Places of Public Accommodation
- Commercial Facilities

Public Sector (title II)

- State & Local Government Facilities
- Public transit facilities (titles II & III)



Existing facilities

A facility in existence on any given date...

What Standards Apply to ADA Existing Facilities?

- Title II for all State and Local governments
 - Program Accessibility
- Title III at places of public accommodation
 - Readily Achievable Barrier Removal

For more information: contact DOJ @ 800-514-0301

Safe Harbor – Existing Facilities

Elements that comply with 1991
 Standards do not need to be modified to meet the 2010 Standards unless those elements are altered on or after March 15, 2012.

Safe Harbor does not apply to elements in existing facilities that were not subject to specific requirements in the 1991 Standards

For more information, contact DOJ @ 800 514-0301

Elements in 2010 Standards **Not** Subject to Safe Harbor

- (A) Residential facilities and dwelling units
- (B) Amusement rides
- (C) Recreational boating facilities
- (D)Exercise machines and equipment
- (E) Fishing piers and platforms
- (F) Golf facilities
- (G) Miniature golf facilities
- (H) Play areas

- (I) Saunas and steam rooms
- (J) Swimming pools, wading pools, and spas
- (K) Shooting facilities with firing positions,
- (L) Miscellaneous.
 - (1) Team or player seating
 - (2) Accessible route to bowling lanes
 - (3) Accessible route in court sports facilities

For more information, contact DOJ @ 800 514-0301



ABA Coverage

Applies to facilities designed, built, altered or leased with Federal funds

- Federal buildings (e.g., post offices)
- Non-Federal buildings (e.g., school built with Federal money)



Architectural Barriers Act (ABA)

- Federal facilities covered
 - Intended for use by the public OR <u>may result</u> in the employment or residence of individual with disabilities
 - Constructed or altered by, or on behalf of
 - Leased in whole or in part
 - Financed in whole or in part by a grant or loan

CHAPTER 1

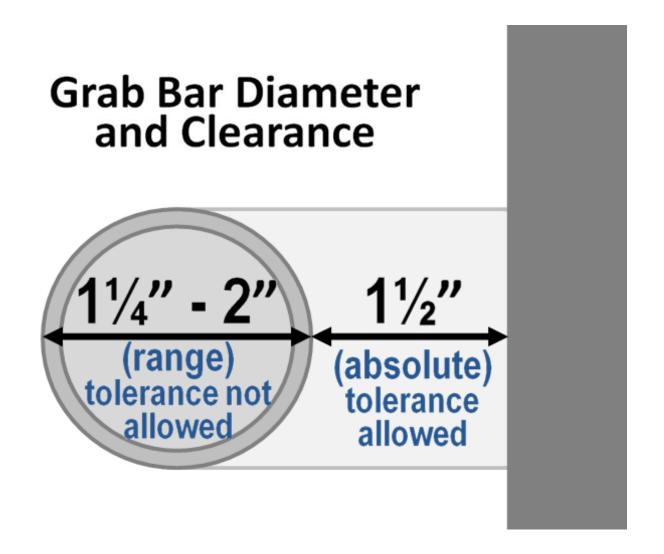
Application and Administration

- Purpose
- Dimensions for Adults and Children
- Equivalent Facilitation
- Conventions
- Referenced Standards
- Definitions

Conventions

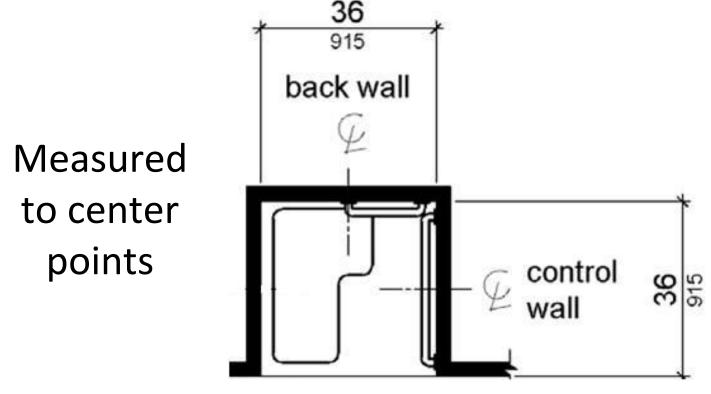
- Scoping percentages/ratios (round up)
 - Unless standards say otherwise
- Figures informational; text governs
- Dimensions range added instead of using absolute dimension, where possible

Construction Tolerances



Construction Tolerances cont.

e.g. transfer shower stall (36" x 36")



(manufacturing tolerances recognized)

Referenced Standards

- powered doors (ANSI/BHMA A156.10 & A156.19)
- elevators and lifts (ASME A17.1 & A18.1)
- egress (IBC)
- alarms (NFPA 72)
- play surfacing & equipment (ASTM standards)

CHAPTER 2

Scoping Requirements:

- New Construction
- Exceptions
- Additions and Alterations
- Primary Function Areas Path of Travel
- Qualified Historic Facilities

Application

What needs to comply?

All areas of newly designed, constructed, and altered facilities, unless otherwise indicated



ADA vs GA

per Georgia Law O.C.G.A. 30-3

- Only applies to permitted construction
- 2% of privately funded apartment complex units with 20 or more dwelling units to be accessible or adaptable for mobility
 - FHA not ADA covers apartments
- 5% of total temporary lodging units
 - ADA Scoping from Table 224.2 ranges from 2.6% to 8%

ADA vs GA

per Georgia SFM Rule 120-3-20

- Sets minimum standard as 2010 ADA and
- "covered" multi-family FHA unit standard as ANSI A117.1-2003

per Georgia Law O.C.G.A. 40-6-221

Far more detailed than ADA requirements

per Georgia AG opinion - 95-20

Religious facilities considered public

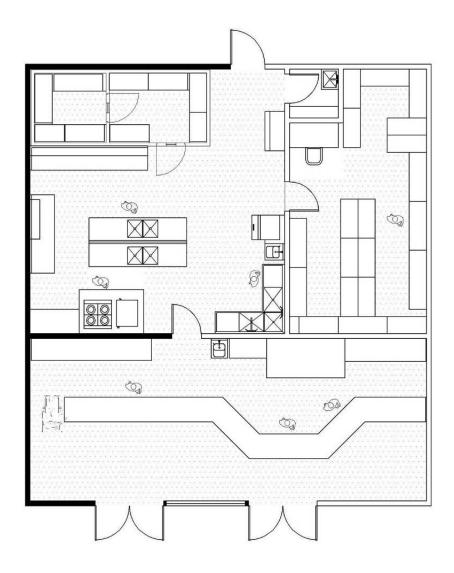
General Exceptions

- construction sites
- raised for security, life/fire safety
- spaces accessed by ladders, catwalks, crawl spaces, narrow passageways
- machinery spaces



Work Areas

 ADA: Approach, enter, exit, <u>circulate</u>, <u>egress</u>, <u>plus alarm wiring</u>



Alterations

Alterations (202.3)

Definition (106.5)

What you touch you fix

- Remodeling, renovation, reconstruction, and could include maintenance actions
- Exceptions (e.g., technically infeasible)



Technical Infeasibility

"Technical Infeasibility" =

Existing physical/site constraints that prohibit compliance

Example: removing fixture to create accessible stall conflicts with plumbing code

Technical Infeasibility cont.

Technical Infeasibility:

- case-by-case determination
- based on existing constraints/ conditions and scope of work
- compliance required to the maximum extent feasible

Alterations Affecting Primary Function Areas (202.4)

- Additional 20% of alteration cost (CFR)
- Path of travel Improvements:

route, plus restrooms, telephones, drinking fountains, serving the area

- Alteration exceptions can be used
- Not applicable in residential alterations
- Georgia SFM Rule 120-3-20 only applies to permitted construction work

UNITED STATES ACCESS BOARD

Alterations Affecting Primary Function Areas cont.

- What are the priorities?
 - accessible route, accessible entrance, at least one accessible uni-sex toilet room, accessible telephone, drinking fountains, and parking spaces

Small projects - series of costs over 3 years

Additions (202.2)

Comply with new construction

Existing Building Impact

- Accessible entrance
- Existing toilet and bathing facilities
- Public telephones
- Drinking fountains

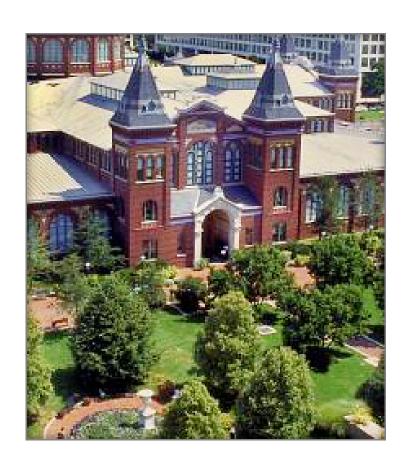


No Cost Ceiling

Historic (202.5)

Qualified Historic Facilities

- No grandfathering
- Threaten or destroy the historic significance
- Exceptions: accessible routes, entrances, and toilet facilities



GA SHPO in DNR



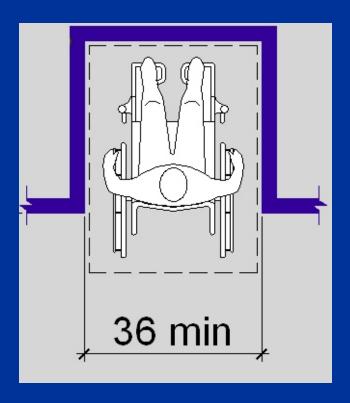
Technical Chapters

- 3 Building Blocks
- 4 Accessible Routes
- 5 General Site & Building Elements
- 6 Plumbing Elements & Facilities
- 7 Communication Elements & Features
- 8 Special Rooms, Spaces & Elements
- 9 Built-in Elements
- 10 Recreation Facilities

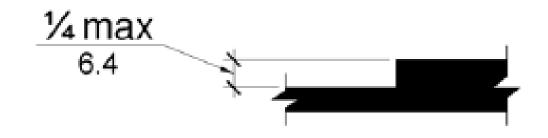


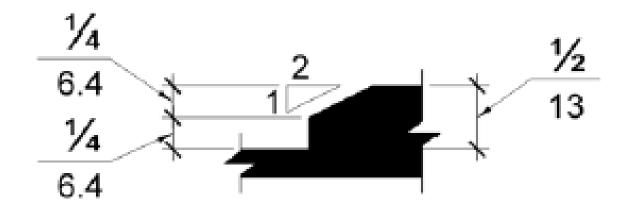
Building Blocks (Chapter 3)

- Floor or Ground Surfaces
- Changes in Level
- Turning Space
- Clear Floor/ Ground Space
- Knee & Toe Clearance
- Protruding Objects
- Reach Ranges
- Operable Parts



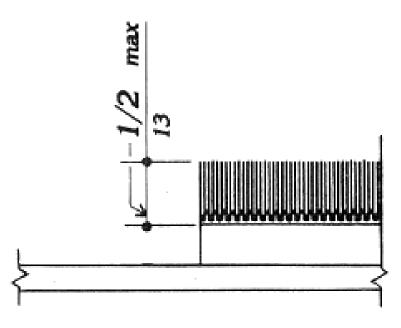
Changes in Level

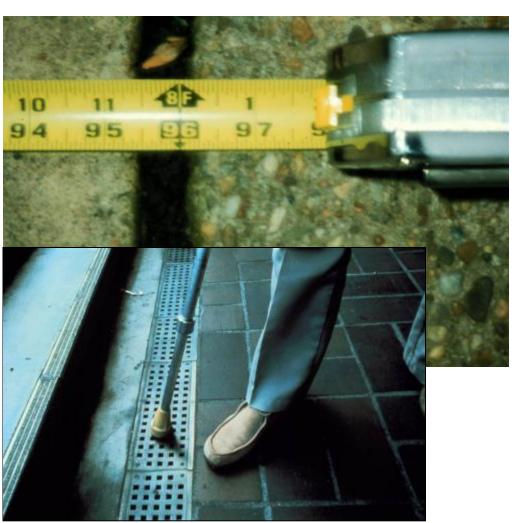




Ground and Floor Surfaces (302)

- Surface stable, firm, and slip-resistant
- Carpet
- Openings





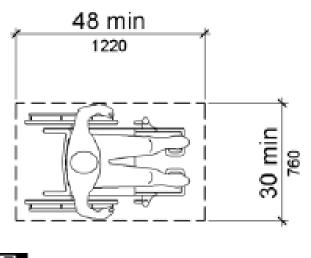
Ground and Floor Surfaces cont.

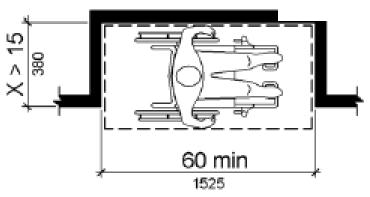
Surface - stable, firm, and slip-resistant EXCEPTIONS: 1. Within animal containment areas, floor and ground surfaces shall not be required to be stable, firm, and slip resistant.

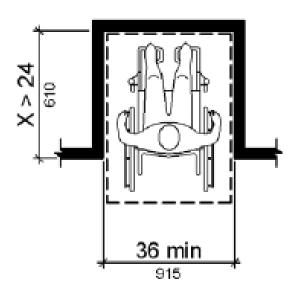




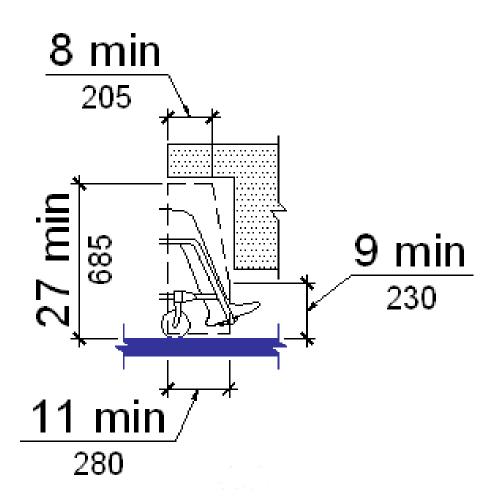
Clear Floor Space



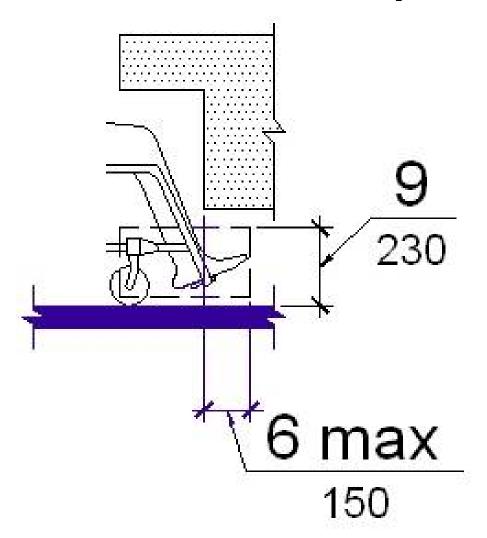




Knee Clearance (306)

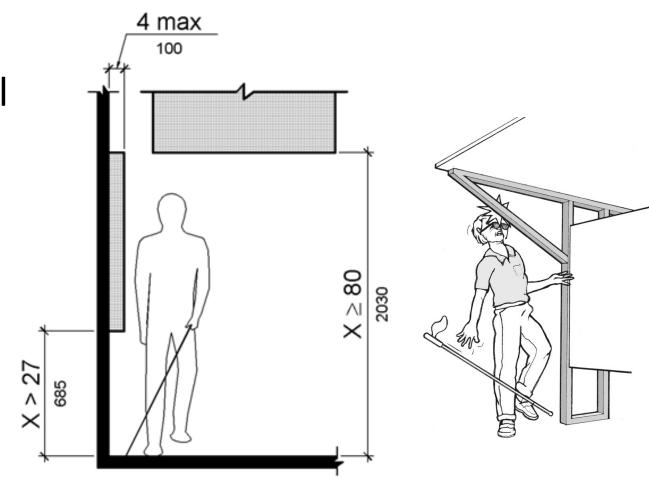


Toe Clearance (306)



Protruding Objects

 Applies to all circulation paths (204)



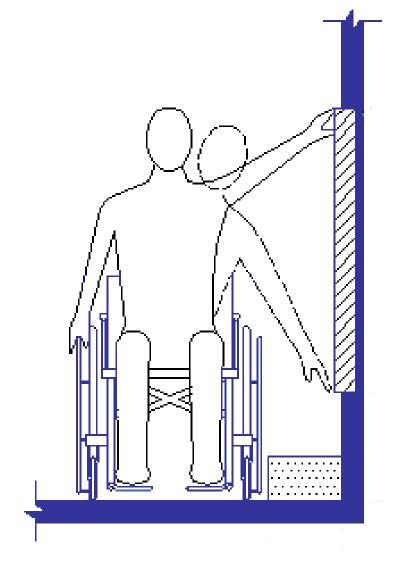
Reach Ranges (308)

Max. Reach – 48"

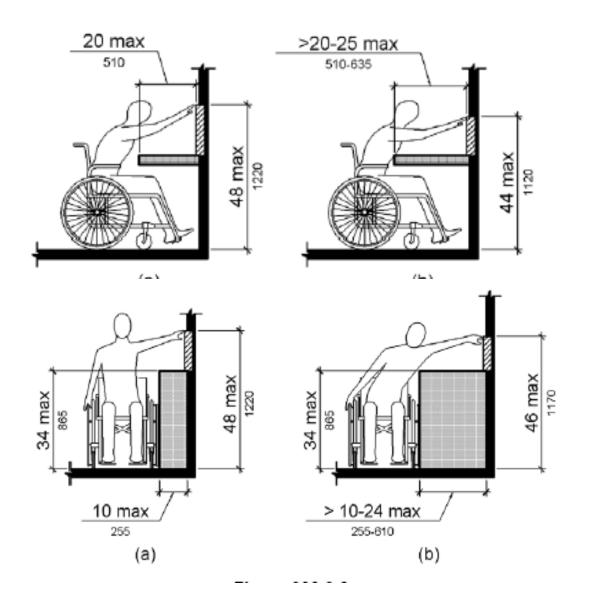
Min. Reach – 15"

(forward & side)

Includes children's advisory



Reach Range over Obstruction



39

Operable Parts (309)

Height. Operable parts - within one or more of the reach ranges.

Operation. Operable with one hand, shall not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist.

Force required to activate operable parts shall be 5 pounds (22.2 N) maximum.

EXCEPTION: Gas pump nozzles shall not be required to provide operable parts that have an



Accessible Routes (Chapter 4)

- Accessible Route Components
 - walking surfaces
 - doors, doorways, gates
 - ramps
 - curb ramps
 - elevators
 - limited use/ limited application elevators
 - private residence elevators
 - platform lifts



Accessible Routes (206)

Where required:

- Site arrival points
- Within sites
- Between stories
- Space and elements
- Specific spaces (e.g., restaurant & cafeteria, performance area, press box)





Accessible Routes cont.

Scoping for routes & route elements

- Location
- Entrances
- Doors
- Elevators (all)
- Platform lifts (all)
- Security barriers





Accessible Routes – "Location"

206.3 (Location)

- If circulation path interior, accessible route interior
- General circulation path

206.2.6 (Performance Areas)

 Direct connection from seating area to performing area, need direct accessible connection

206.8 (Security Barriers)

EX: visual contact with personal items



Accessible Routes – Entrances (206.4)

60% of public entrances



At least 1 direct access from tunnels or elevated walkways

At least 1 restricted or secured entrance

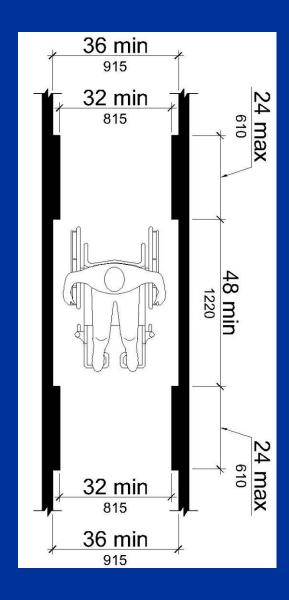
Each direct access from parking structures

Each tenancy

Walking Surfaces (403)

(Portions of accessible routes that slope no more than 1:20)

- Minimum separation (48")
 between reduced clear widths
- Handrails along walking surfaces req'd to comply





Doors (206.5)

At accessible features a minimum of:

- Entrances 1 door
- Rooms andSpaces 1 door*



- Transient Lodging all 32" clear width
- Residential doors in mobility dwelling units

Entrances

Automation of Exterior Doors

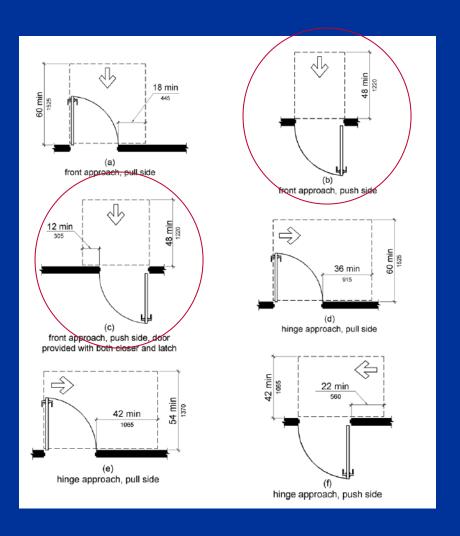


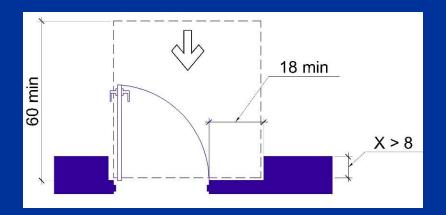
Required:

Federal
Courthouses
(GSA's Public
Building Standards)



Doors, Doorways, & Gates (404)





Recessed doors addressed

Maneuvering Clearances



8" max. offset from face of door

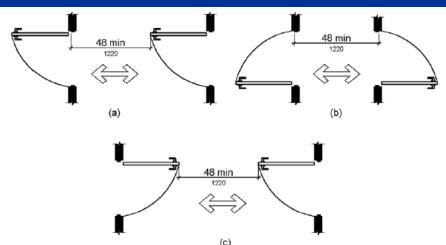
Maneuvering Clearances cont.



Recess > 8": maneuvering clearance for <u>forward</u> <u>approach</u> located 8" max. from face of door

Doors, Doorways, & Gates cont.

- Limited projections into clear width
- Doors in series
- Hardware
- Closing speed
- Opening force
- Surface (push side)
- Vision lights





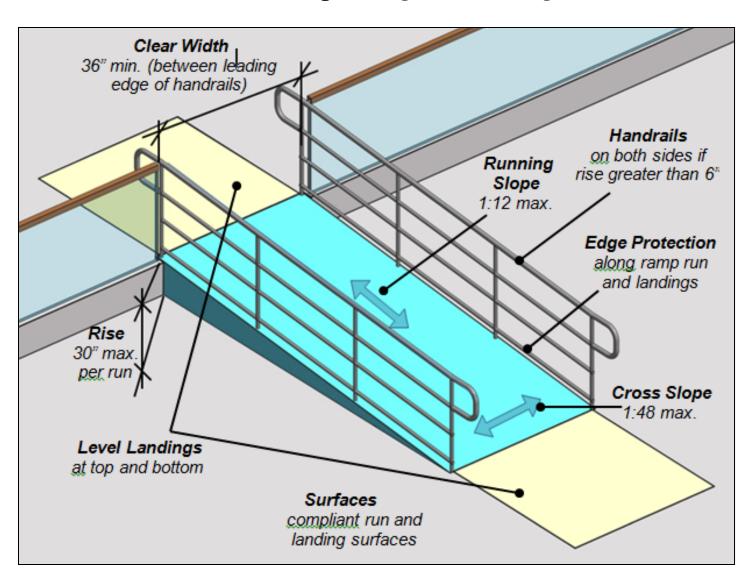
Automatic & Power Assisted Doors & Gates (404.3)

Industry standards referenced:

- Full-powered: ANSI/BHMA A156.10 (1999)
- Low-energy and power-assisted: ANSI/BHMA A156.19 (1997 or 2002)

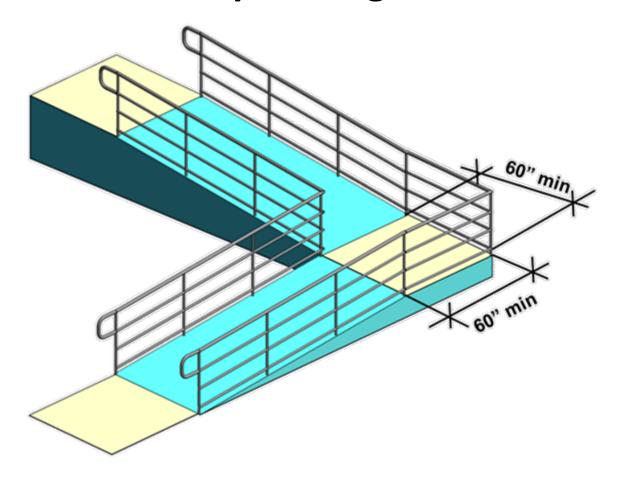
New provisions for break-out opening, clear floor space at controls

Ramps (§405)



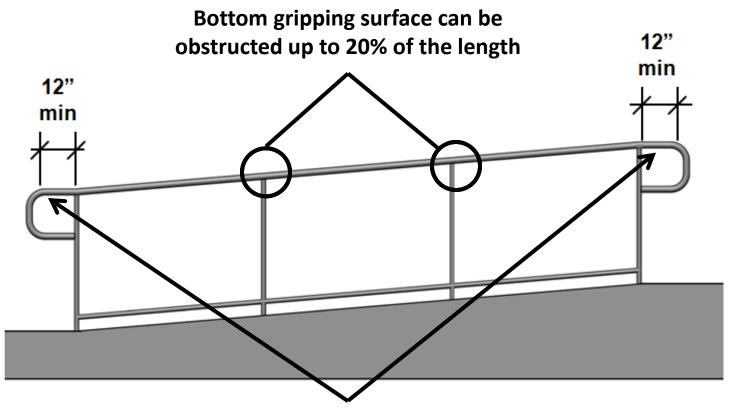
Ramps: Landings

Intermediate landings 60" x 60" min. required where ramps change direction



Ramp Handrails

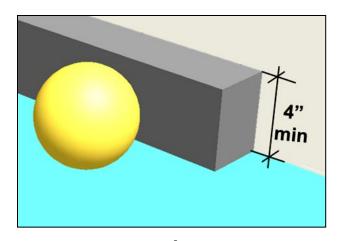
Must be continuous the full length of run and provide unobstructed gripping surface



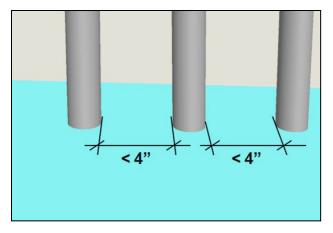
Linear extensions required at top & bottom must return to guard, wall, or floor

Ramps: Edge Protection

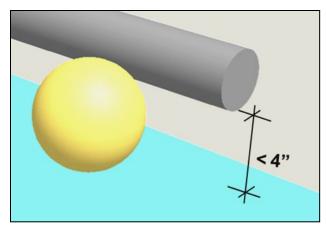
Must prevent passage of 4" diameter sphere



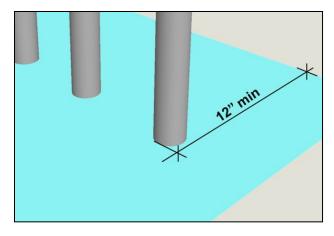
curb



vertical pickets



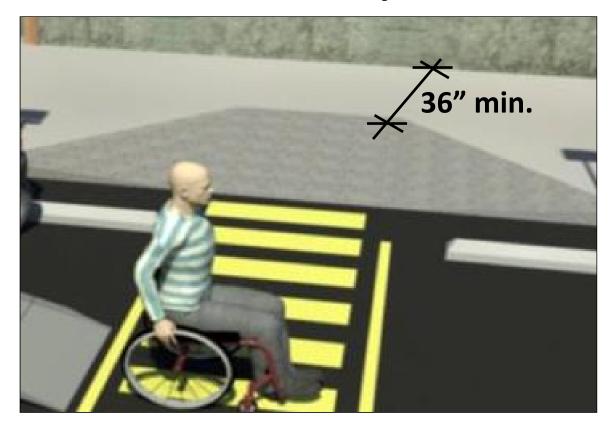
rail or other barrier



Extended platform

Curb Ramps (§406)

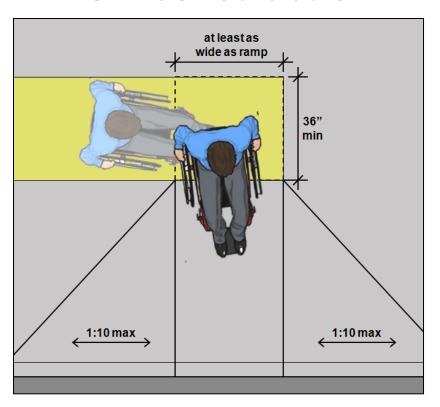
Landing 36" deep min. required at top of curb ramps



Curb ramps cannot protrude into access aisle

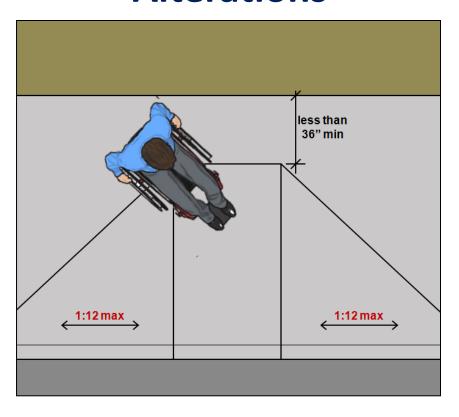
Curb Ramps

New Construction



Top landing: easier maneuvering without travel across flares

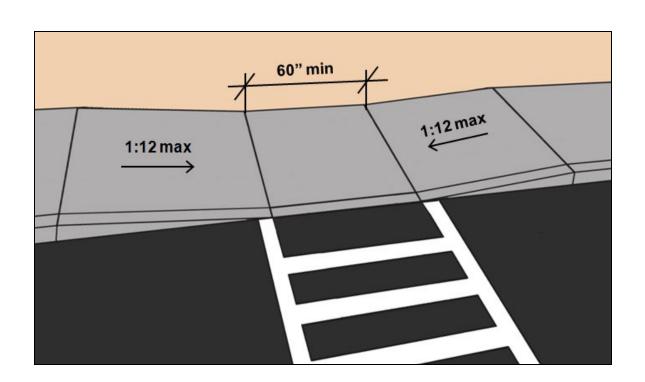
Alterations



Alterations: if landing space unavailable, side flares = 1:12 max.

Curb Ramps: Parallel

Parallel curb ramps can be used where top landing space is unavailable



Detectable Warnings

Required on curb ramps at:

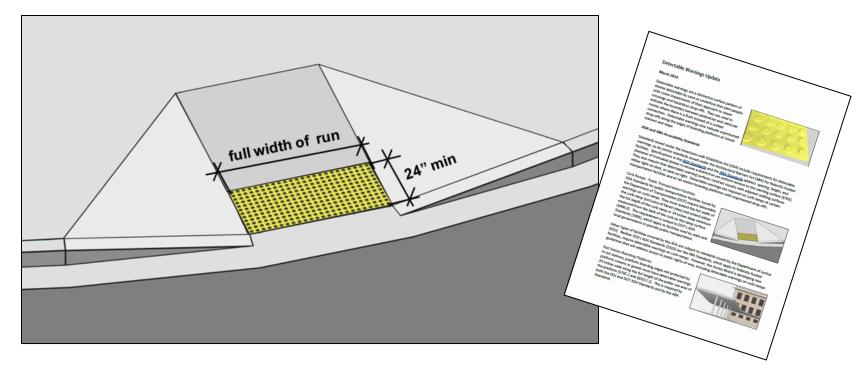
- Transit facilities (DOT standards 406.8)
- FHWY funded projects
- Public sidewalks (recommended new ROW guidelines will address)

Not required on curb ramps at other facilities or hazardous vehicular areas

Required on rail station boarding platforms

Detectable Warnings cont.

Revised specifications for location at curb ramps



ROW guidelines will provide further guidance (e.g., placement at blended transitions)

DW Update on Board's website

Elevators (407-409)

- Standard Elevators
- Destination-Oriented Elevators
- Existing Elevators (alterations)

Limited Use/ Limited Application Elevators

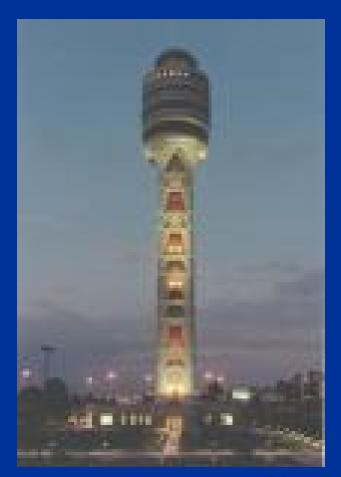
Private Residence Elevators



Vertical Access Between Stories (206.2.3)

Multi-story = Vertical Acc. Exceptions:

- 2 Story if 1 story not open to public, occupancy of 5 or fewer
- Air traffic control towers (cab and floor below)
- Certain residential facilities





Elevators - Alterations

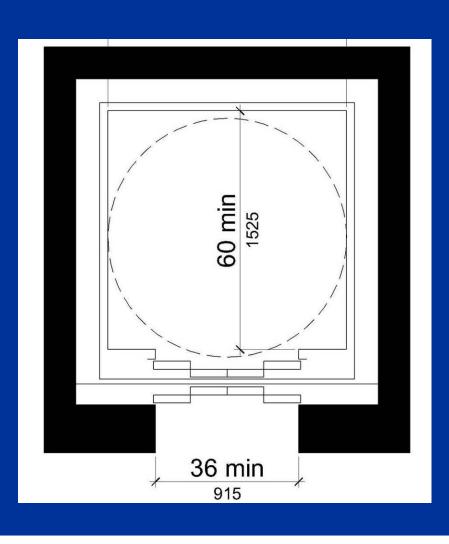
206.2.3.1 New Stairs or Escalators

 Stairs and escalators did not exist previously and major structural modifications necessary, elevator required (unless exceptions apply)

206.6.1 Elevator Alterations

 where one car in existing elevator is altered, all cars programmed to respond to the same hall call must be similarly altered

Standard Elevator – Size (407.4)



- Car sizes more alternatives (p175)
- Designs providing turning space within car recognized
- Existing elevators may be smaller



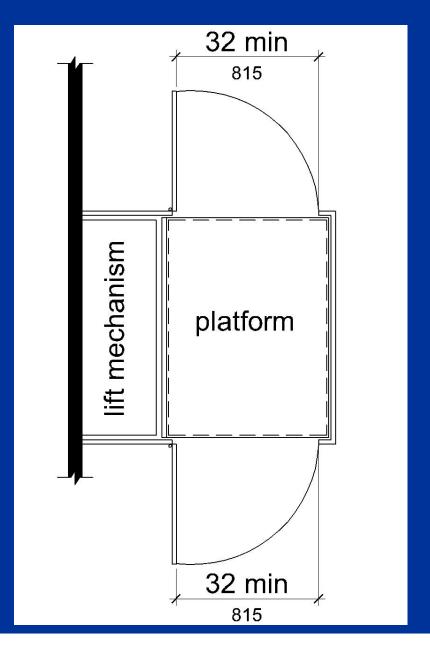
Platform Lifts (206.7)

- New Const. restricted to:
 - performance areas and speaker's platforms
 - wheelchair spaces
 - incidental spaces
 - existing site constraints (exterior)
 - other
- Alterations no restrictions



Platform Lifts (410)

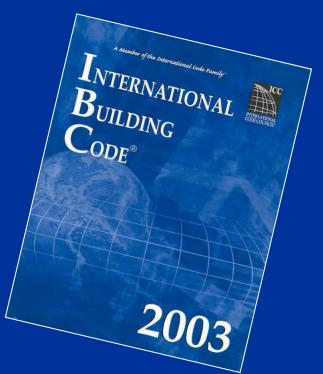
- Industry standard:
 ASME A18.1 (1999 or 2003)
- Low-energy, powered gates/doors req'd
 - except on 2-stop liftswith opposinggates/doors
- Independent use



Means of Egress & Areas of Rescue Assistance (207)

- Technical requirements not included
- Scoping (207)
 references technical
 requirements in the IBC

☐ Georgia requires
Life Safety Code in design





General Site & Building Elements (Chapter 5)

- Parking
- Passenger Loading Zones
- Stairways
- Handrails



New Construction

Access Required

- Parking is not required to be provided
- Where parking is provided, it must include accessible parking spaces
- Excludes commercial vehicle storage, law enforcement vehicles, or vehicle impound parking *

Accessible Parking Scoping

- Where visitor, patron, or employee parking is provided
- Calculated on a facility by facility basis *
- A facility can be a single space, a parking lot, a parking floor within a building, or a stand alone parking structure

Accessible Parking Scoping cont.

Location of Parking Space

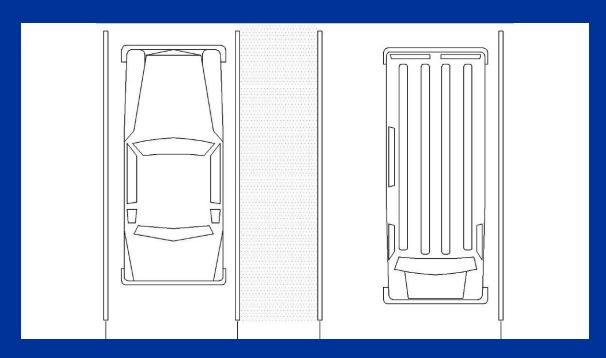
- On shortest accessible route to accessible entrance
- On shortest accessible route to entrance to parking facility
- Dispersed to multiple accessible entrances

208.2 Parking Spaces Scoping

208.2 Parking Spaces	
Total Number of Parking Spaces Provided in Parking Facility	Minimum Number of Required accessible Parking Spaces
1 to 25	1
26 to 50	2
51 to 75	3
76 to 100	4
101 to 150	5
151 to 200	6
201 to 300	7
301 to 400	8
401 to 500	9
501 to 1000	2 percent of total
1001 and over	20, plus 1 for each 100, or fraction thereof, over 1000

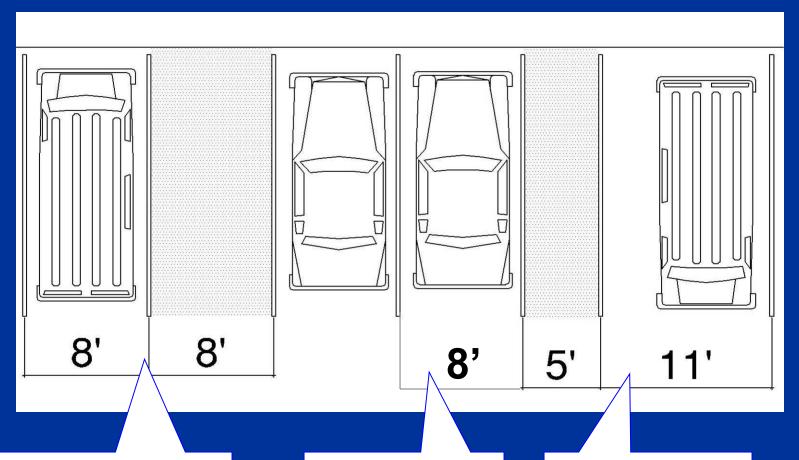


Van Parking (208.2.4)



Van Spaces - 1 of every 6 accessible spaces (instead of 1 of 8)

Van Spaces (502)



EX: Van space

Car space

Van space

Parking (502)

Access Aisle

- Marking
- Location (angled vans spaces)

Signage

- Height (60" min.)
- Van Accessible



Georgia Parking Signage

- State Law o.c.g.A. 40-6-221
- 12" x 18" Sign
- at 84" above ground
- Blue Reflective Sign
- White Letters Warnings
 - Permit Parking Only
 - Tow-Away Zone
 - International Symbol
- 75% of Surface Area



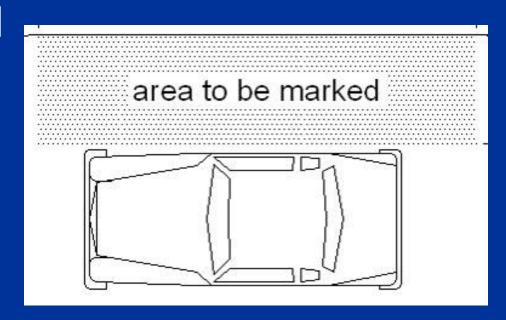
Passenger Loading Zones



At least 1 for every 100 linear ft. of loading zone space provided

Passenger Loading Zones (503)

- Aisles same level as pull-up space
- Aisles to be marked
- No level changes in space or aisle





Additional Technical Chapters

- 3 Building Blocks
- 4 Accessible Routes
- 5 General Site & Building Elements
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Technical Guides on the Standards Available on the Board's website

https://www.access-board.gov/guidelines-and-standards/buildings-and-sites/about-the-ada-standards/guide-to-the-ada-standards



Questions?



U.S. Access Board

(800) 872-2253 (voice) (800) 993-2822 (TTY)

E-mail: ta@access-board.gov www.access-board.gov

"Advancing Full Access and Inclusion for All"

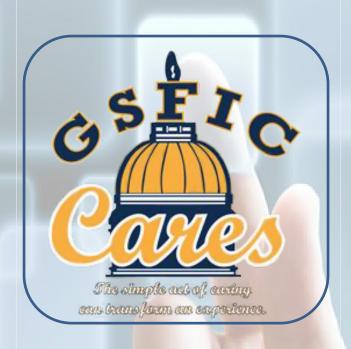
Your Touch Point for Accessibility

Thank You!

from

ADA Coordinator's Office

ada.georgia.gov 404-657-7313



Steven R. Jones

Senior ADA Architect

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Please complete your survey form and place at the back of the room in a stack. Thank You!