



THE ADA TITLE I INTERACTIVE PROCESS AND REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

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ACCOMMODATION & ADA CHALLENGES

- Requests for Medical Information
- Evaluating Medical Information
- Selection of Accommodation
- Addressing Performance Issues
- Modifying Workplace Policies
- Leave and Attendance
- Unexpected Implementation Challenges



REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL INFORMATION



REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL INFORMATION: COMMON SCENARIOS

- Employee balks at employer's request for medical information
- Employee thinks employer does not have a right to ask, or need for, the requested details
- Employer waiting a long time for medical information requested
 - No communication from employee
 - No communication from health care provider
 - Employee says health care provider requires a medical appointment first
 - It's taking the health care provider a long time to prepare/send the requested information

REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL INFORMATION: KEY LEGAL POINTS I

- ADA permits employer—if it chooses—to request supporting medical information only if it is not obvious or already known that requestor has:
 - disability (physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major bodily function or other major life activity, or history of one)
 - current need for accommodation
- Employer permitted to request supplemental information if initial response unclear or incomplete
- EEOC: <u>Enforcement Guidance on Reasonable Accommodation and Undue</u> <u>Hardship</u> (Q&A ##5-9)

REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL INFORMATION: KEY LEGAL POINTS 2

- How? Employer may ask employee:
 - to bring information from health care provider, or
 - to sign limited release allowing employer to contact provider directly
- Explain what information is needed (e.g., type of impairment, limitations, how accommodation would help employee)
- Describe job duties, if relevant, to increase likelihood of getting accurate/complete information
- Only permitted to seek medical information reasonably necessary to determine has disability and needs accommodation

REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL INFORMATION: TAKE-AWAYS I

- As part of interactive process, explain to employee what employer is permitted to request under ADA and why the information is needed
- Tailor the information sought to the accommodation request
 - Determine what medical information is necessary to provide accommodation
 - Don't ask for the entire medical record, or for records from unrelated providers
- Incomplete or unclear medical information received?
 - Explain to employee what additional information/clarification is needed and allow opportunity to provide it, or re-contact provider directly

REQUESTS FOR MEDICAL INFORMATION: TAKE-AWAYS 2

- Considering alternative accommodation to what employee requested?
 - If it's not clear, ask employee and/or employee's health care provider whether alternative accommodations to the one employee requested would also meet disability limitations
 - Example: Where employer considering accommodations that would enable employee to work onsite instead of a request for telework
- Is extending deadline feasible? Document dates, communications/efforts to obtain information, and any interim accommodations provided
- JAN's Avoiding "The Waiting Place" After Requesting Medical Information

EVALUATING MEDICAL INFORMATION: COMMON SCENARIOS

- Supervisor/manager receives medical note but not sure what their responsibilities are, or who to contact
- Person assigned to process request
 - denies the request because the medical information is incomplete or unclear rather than notifying employee/provider what more is needed/asking follow-up questions
 - not trained on ADA, including definition of disability as amended
 - disregards health care provider's assessment based on their personal experiences, subjective opinions

EVALUATING MEDICAL INFORMATION: KEY LEGAL POINTS

- Definition of disability is to be construed broadly
 - Need not be significant or severe restriction
 - Duration is one factor but need not be permanent or long-term
 - Determined without benefits of any mitigating measures used
 - If episodic or in remission, would it be substantially limiting when active?
- Reasonable doubts about employee's health care provider's conclusions?
 - Employer permitted to discuss with employee's health care provider and/or have evaluation (at employer's cost) by provider selected by employer

EVALUATING MEDICAL INFORMATION: TAKE-AWAYS

- Not enough information, or unclear?
 - Explain to employee what additional information/clarification is needed and allow employee an opportunity to provide it
 - Or re-contact health care provider directly
- ADA training for any staff evaluating medical information
 - Amended ADA definition of disability and assessing need for accommodation
 - Don't "freelance" as a health care provider by disregarding treating provider's recommendation based on personal experiences/opinions
 - if bona fide doubts, could have follow up communication or contract review by another provider with relevant expertise

SELECTION OF ACCOMMODATION



SELECTION OF ACCOMMODATION: COMMON SCENARIOS

- Employer neglects to consult outside sources even though employee has not proposed particular accommodation and employer unfamiliar with possibilities
- Employer fails to communicate with employee about why considering or offering a different accommodation than what was requested
- Employer about to end interactive process without providing an accommodation
- Employee refuses accommodation offered by employer

SELECTION OF ACCOMMODATION: KEY LEGAL POINTS I

- Employer has obligation to provide reasonable accommodation absent undue hardship even if requestor is only able to identify the disability-related need, but not a solution
- But if employee requested specific accommodation that is not feasible or would pose an undue hardship, employer must provide alternative reasonable accommodation if available
- Not required to eliminate essential functions as accommodation—if that is requested, determine if there is accommodation that would enable employee to perform; last resort: reassignment to vacant position?
- Employer must keep medical information confidential, including that employee requested/received accommodation—limited exceptions

SELECTION OF ACCOMMODATION: KEY LEGAL POINTS 2

- Employer has discretion to choose among effective accommodations
- Want to know if alternative accommodation would be effective given employee's disability needs/limitations?
 - May ask employee and/or health care provider whether the alternative accommodation would meet needs
- Unpack the request: Example—disability impedes commuting to work:
 - No responsibility to transport employee, but explore reasonable accommodations to address the standing, sitting, vision, or other barrier (e.g., schedule change, telework, other)
 - JAN: <u>Accommodations Related to Commuting To and From Work</u>

SELECTION OF ACCOMMODATION: TAKE-AWAYS I

- Search for solution even if employee doesn't have a specific proposed accommodation
- If employee's proposed accommodation ruled out, search for and offer alternative accommodation if available absent undue hardship
- If choose to go above and beyond what ADA requires, such as by eliminating essential function, document/communicate time frame/manage expectations
- Explore and implement reasonable accommodations to address specific issue
- Document! Including if accommodation(s) offered are ultimately refused
- Before concluding interactive process, make sure good faith effort has been made

SELECTION OF ACCOMMODATION: TAKE-AWAYS 2

- Make sure any "undue hardship" denials are based on overall employer resources
- Although employer has discretion to choose among effective accommodations, consider employee preference if reasonable
- If providing alternative to employee, explain to employee why
- If employee refuses offered accommodation, find out why—if employee contends it would not meet disability needs, return to interactive process to determine if offering an alternative reasonable accommodation is warranted

100% HEALED RULES

Common Scenario: Employer instructs not to return from illness or injury until no restrictions

Key Legal Point: Violates ADA to require employee to take leave until 100% healed if able to perform essential functions (with accommodation if needed)

Take-Aways

- Are there reasonable accommodations that would allow performing essential functions consistent with medical restrictions?
- If so, does accommodation pose an undue hardship?
- Make sure to consider reasonable accommodations that would enable continued work/return to work before involuntary leave

EMPLOYEE REQUESTS RESERVED OR ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPOT AS ACCOMMODATION

Common Scenarios: Employer-provided parking has no reserved spaces, has limited accessible spaces, and/or landlord controls the lot

Key Legal Points: Accommodation may nevertheless be required to meet the needs of a particular employee

Take-aways

- Can space be reserved? Can number of accessible spots be increased?
- If not, is there a different type of accommodation available?
- If needed, discuss with third party who controls? Document effort.
- JAN A to Z by Topic: <u>Parking</u>

EMPLOYEE REQUESTS NEW SUPERVISOR AS ACCOMMODATION

Key Legal Points:

- No ADA obligation to assign to a different supervisor as reasonable accommodation
- However, ADA may require alternative accommodation
 - e.g., changing supervisory methods based on disability-related needs

Take-Aways

- Assigning a new supervisor may not be required—but not prohibited
- JAN: <u>Changing a Supervisor as an Accommodation</u>

ADDRESSING PERFORMANCE ISSUES



ADDRESSING PERFORMANCE ISSUES: COMMON SCENARIOS

- Last minute disclosure of disability/request for accommodation
- Unaddressed performance issues and new supervisor now wants to address
- Addressing behavior/conduct that seems strange
- Telework accommodation request from a poor performer

ADDRESSING PERFORMANCE ISSUES: KEY LEGAL POINTS

- Employee with a disability must meet the same production standards as other employees in the same position
- Production standards refer to both
 - Quantitative Standards
 - Qualitative Standards
- Reasonable accommodation never requires lowering a production standard but may require accommodation to meet the standard
- Employer cannot refuse to consider or to provide reasonable accommodation because there is a performance problem

ADDRESSING PERFORMANCE ISSUES: TAKE-AWAYS I

- Give benefit of feedback/evaluate job performance in same manner for all
- Lead with performance issue; don't assume it is related to disability
- EEOC: <u>Applying Performance and Conduct Standards to Employees with</u> <u>Disabilities</u>

ADDRESSING PERFORMANCE ISSUES: TAKE-AWAYS 2

- If employee says disability caused performance issue, employer may still act in response to performance that already occurred
- If usual step is termination, then request too late for ADA to require accommodation
- If usual step is something less than termination:
 - may still proceed with usual consequences (e.g., unsatisfactory appraisal rating, warning, etc.), and document
 - but also engage in interactive process for prospective accommodation if needed to meet standards going forward
 - if placing on PIP, delay start date until any accommodations being provided are in place

MODIFYING WORKPLACE POLICIES



MODIFYING WORKPLACE POLICIES: COMMON SCENARIOS

- Decisionmakers rely on employer policy, not realizing ADA may require an exception as accommodation for one/some individuals based on disability
- Management opposed to making any exceptions to uniformly applied policies, afraid of "setting precedent" or that co-workers will request similar exception

MODIFYING WORKPLACE POLICIES: KEY LEGAL POINTS

- ADA may require making an exception to a policy for an individual with a disability as a reasonable accommodation absent undue hardship
- Employer still permitted to maintain policy as to others

EEOC: "<u>Modified Workplace Policies</u>" in Enforcement Guidance on Reasonable Accommodation and Undue Hardship

EXAMPLE: EXCEPTIONS TO TELEWORK POLICY I

Common Scenarios:

- Employee needs more telework as accommodation than policy allows
- Manager resistant to exceptions
- Employer concerned about allowing telework for poor performer

EXAMPLE: EXCEPTIONS TO TELEWORK POLICY 2

Key Legal Points:

- ADA may require telework as accommodation absent undue hardship, even if others aren't allowed to telework, or are only allowed less
- May be required even if poor performance or contrary to policy requiring certain performance level to be eligible for telework
 - But in some situations, the performance issue will make telework not feasible or an undue hardship
- EEOC: Work at Home/Telework as a Reasonable Accommodation

EXAMPLE: EXCEPTIONS TO TELEWORK POLICY 3

- Fact-specific determination based on particulars of position and workplace.
 Examples of potentially relevant facts:
 - Employer's ability to supervise the employee adequately
 - Whether any duties require use of certain equipment or tools that cannot be replicated at home
 - Whether there is a need for face-to-face interaction and coordination of work with other employees
 - Whether in-person interaction with outside colleagues, clients, or customers is necessary
 - Whether the position requires the employee to have immediate access to documents or other information located only in the workplace

EXAMPLE: EXCEPTIONS TO TELEWORK POLICY 4

Take-Aways:

- Make sure managers/supervisor know may have to make exception to usual rule to accommodate individual with disability
- Employer discretion to choose alternative effective reasonable accommodation if available—accommodate to work onsite instead?
- If unsure whether essential functions can be performed remotely, consider if helpful to implement as a trial or temporary accommodation at first
- Hold all those teleworking for any reason to same performance and production standards as others
- JAN: <u>Telework Accommodation Request Flowchart</u>

EXAMPLE: EXCEPTIONS TO "NO ANIMALS" POLICY I

Common Scenarios:

- Supervisor reflexively denies accommodation because of
 - "no animals" rule
 - concern about disruption
 - allergies of others
 - concern this will mean other employees can insist on bringing in animals

Key Legal Point:

"No animals allowed!" is like any other workplace policy: may need to modify rule for individual who needs animal due to disability, absent undue hardship

EXAMPLE: EXCEPTIONS TO "NO ANIMALS" POLICY 2

Take-Aways:

- Explore accommodation solutions to address individual needs, circumstances, job duties, whether undue hardship is actually posed
- JAN: <u>Service Animals as Workplace Accommodations</u>
- JAN: <u>Service Animals and Allergies in the Workplace</u>

LEAVE AND ATTENDANCE



LEAVE AND ATTENDANCE: COMMON SCENARIOS

- Employee requests leave but not eligible for FMLA or has used up all available FMLA and accrued leave
- Disability-related absences are frequent or unplanned/unpredictable
- Long-term leave needed for recuperation/treatment
- Indefinite leave requested; health care provider can't say whether/when employee able to return
- Estimated date of return extended; repeated extensions requested
- No communication from employee when absent or on leave
- Employer also covered by state and local leave requirements

LEAVE AND ATTENDANCE: KEY LEGAL POINTS I

- Employee may be entitled to ADA (unpaid) leave as reasonable accommodation absent undue hardship even if already used FMLA or FMLA not available
- Employer may consider impact of FMLA or other leave already taken when determining whether additional leave as ADA accommodation would pose an undue hardship on the employer
- Employer must allow employee to use accrued paid leave before having to use ADA unpaid leave
- For ADA leave, employer must allow employee to return to same position if employee is qualified and holding position open during ADA leave is not undue hardship

LEAVE AND ATTENDANCE: KEY LEGAL POINTS 2

- Does the leave requested as ADA accommodation pose an undue hardship? Relevant factors include:
 - Iength, frequency, unpredictability of the leave
 - impact of employee's absence on co-workers (ability to perform work in timely and appropriate manner)
 - impact on business operations and the employer's ability to provide timely and effective customer service or otherwise accomplish work objectives
- EEOC: <u>Employer-Provided Leave and the ADA</u>

LEAVE AND ATTENDANCE: TAKE-AWAYS I

- Address leave request as one for reasonable accommodation IF employee not eligible for other leave options or exhausted them
 - Don't reject request for leave as reasonable accommodation ONLY because exhausted/ineligible for other forms of leave: can reject if undue hardship
 - May need to reinitiate interactive process if request for extension of leave, or after leave if employee is about to return to work but has restrictions
 - Cannot penalize employee for using leave granted as reasonable accommodation (e.g., may need to pro-rate end-of-year productivity measure)

LEAVE AND ATTENDANCE: TAKE-AWAYS 2

- Train all those handling leave requests that employee may have right to ADA leave absent undue hardship if exhausted employer-provided accrued leave, FMLA, leave required under state/local law, etc.
- Must consider health care provider's revised date if reasonable accommodation/no undue hardship
- Accommodate if feasible, document the specific impact of leave when assessing undue hardship

UNEXPECTED IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES

UNEXPECTED IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES

Common Scenarios:

- Equipment on back-order or supply chain delays in delivery
- Training needed to utilize accommodation granted
- Employee puts employer on notice that accommodation provided is not effective

Key Legal Points:

- Might need to provide interim/temporary accommodation if delayed delivery
- Once on notice accommodation that has already been provided not effective, need to provide alternative accommodation absent undue hardship ... reinitiate the interactive process

UNEXPECTED IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES: TAKE-AWAYS

- In event of delay providing an accommodation that has been granted (e.g., equipment on back order, supply chain delays, training needed), provide interim/temporary accommodation if possible
- Once accommodation is provided, check in with employee about whether accommodation effective, and return to interactive process if needed
 - Example: Employer agrees to make certain structural renovations; could permit individual to telework temporarily until facility is accessible



QUESTIONS?

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ASKJAN.ORG RESOURCES

- A to Z of Disabilities and Accommodations AskJAN.org/a-to-z.cfm
- Employers' Practical Guide to Reasonable Accommodation Under the ADA AskJAN.org/publications/employers/employers-guide.cfm
- Interactive Process
 AskJAN.org/topics/interactive.cfm
- Recognizing an Accommodation Request
 AskJAN.org/articles/Recognizing-an-Accommodation-Request-Under-the-ADA.cfm
- Providing Temp/Trial Accommodation Solutions AskJAN.org/topics/Temporary-Accommodations.cfm

ASKJAN.ORG RESOURCES 2

- Accommodations Related to Commuting To and From Work AskJAN.org/publications/consultants-corner/vol08iss01.cfm
- Avoiding "The Waiting Place" After Requesting Medical Information <u>AskJAN.org/blogs/jan/2016/05/avoiding-the-waiting-place-after-requesting-medical-information.cfm</u>
- Changing a Supervisor as an Accommodation
 AskJAN.org/articles/Changing-a-Supervisor-as-an-Accommodation-under-the-ADA.cfm
- Out with the Old, In with the New...Supervisor
 AskJAN.org/articles/Out-with-the-Old-and-In-with-the-New-Supervisor.cfm

ASKJAN.ORG RESOURCES 3

- A to Z by Topic: Parking AskJAN.org/topics/parking.cfm
- Service Animals and Allergies in the Workplace AskJAN.org/publications/consultants-corner/vol02iss01.cfm
- Service Animals as Workplace Accommodations AskJAN.org/topics/servanim.cfm
- A to Z by Topic: Telework AskJAN.org/topics/telework.cfm
- Telework Accommodation Request Flowchart AskJAN.org/articles/Telework-Accommodation-Request-Flowchart.cfm

EEOC RESOURCES

- Reasonable Accommodation and Undue Hardship Under the ADA EEOC.gov/laws/guidance/enforcement-guidance-reasonableaccommodation-and-undue-hardship-under-ada
- Applying Performance and Conduct Standards to Employees with Disabilities EEOC.gov/laws/guidance/applying-performance-and-conduct-standardsemployees-disabilities
- Employer-Provided Leave and the ADA EEOC.gov/laws/guidance/employer-provided-leave-and-americansdisabilities-act

EEOC RESOURCES 2

 What You Should Know About COVID-19 and the ADA, the Rehabilitation Act, and Other EEO Laws

EEOC.gov/wysk/what-you-should-know-about-covid-19-and-adarehabilitation-act-and-other-eeo-laws

- Work at Home/Telework as a Reasonable Accommodation
 <u>EEOC.gov/laws/guidance/work-hometelework-reasonable-accommodation</u>
- Enforcement Guidance: Disability-Related Inquiries and Medical Exams of Employees
 <u>EEOC.gov/laws/guidance/enforcement-guidance-disability-related-inquiriesand-medical-examinations-employees</u>